

The Smith Foundation

E-Safety Policy

| Policy Details | | |
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| 6 1 1 | | |
| Status: | In-house | |
| Frequency of review: | Annually | |
| | - | |
| Lead member of staff: | Damien Talbot | |
| Last reviewed: | Autumn 2024 | |
| Last leviewed. | Autumn 2024 | |
| Next Review Date: | Autumn 2025 | |
| Policy Number: | FWS9 | |
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1.0 Rationale

It is the duty of the school to ensure that every child in our care is safe, and the same principles should apply to the 'virtual' or digital world as would be applied to the real world. Increasingly, children are accessing material through the internet and games consoles which is not age appropriate. It is essential to address this and to encourage a lifestyle which incorporates a healthy balance of time spent using technology. This policy, supported by the Acceptable Use Policies (AUP) for staff and students, is to protect the interests and safety of the whole school community and aims to provide clear advice and guidance on how to minimise risks and how to deal with any infringements. Both this policy and the Acceptable Use Policies (for all staff and students) are inclusive of both fixed and mobile internet, technologies provided by the school (such as PCs, laptops, whiteboards, tablet, digital video and camera equipment, etc.) and technologies owned by students or staff that connect to our WIFI. In line with the National Minimum Standards for Residential Special Schools 2022, this policy aims to ensure that children and young people are safeguarded from potentially harmful and inappropriate online material also having regard to the Department's Keeping Children Safe in Education guidance in respect of the approach to harmful online content and how children and young people's devices are managed in the school.

2.0 The Technologies

ICT in the 21st Century has an all-encompassing role within the lives of children and adults. New technologies are enhancing communication and the sharing of information. Current and emerging technologies used in school and, more importantly in many cases, used outside of school by children include:

- The Internet
- E-mail
- Instant messaging
- Blogs
- Social networking sites
- Chat Rooms
- Gaming Sites
- Text messaging and picture messaging
- Video calls
- Podcasting
- Online communities via games consoles
- Mobile internet devices such as Smart Phone and Tablets.

3.0 Whole school approach to the safe use of ICT

Creating a safe ICT learning environment includes three main elements at this school:

- 1. An effective range of technological tools which are filtered and monitored
- 2. Policies and procedures, with clear roles and responsibilities
- 3. A comprehensive E-Safety education programme for students, staff and parents.

4.0 Staff Responsibilities

E-Safety is recognised as an essential aspect of the school community and the CP / ICT team along with governors to bring these practices into the culture of the school. The SLT ensures that the policy is implemented and compliance with the policy monitored. All staff are encouraged to create a talking culture in order to address any E-Safety issues which may arise in classrooms or care on a daily basis. The ICT/CP Team are responsible for overseeing E-Safety across the school and dealing with any concerns via the appropriate means.

5.0 Staff Awareness

- All staff receive information and training on E-Safety issues in the form of in-house induction and meeting time alongside CEOP training run in house.
- New staff receive information on the school's AUP (Acceptable Use Policy) as part of their induction.
- All staff are made aware of individual responsibilities relating to the safeguarding of children within the context of E-Safety and know what to do in the event of misuse of technology by any member of the school community.
- All staff are encouraged to incorporate E-Safety activities and awareness within their curriculum and care areas and through a culture of talking about issues as they arise.
- E-Safety records of concern are completed by staff as soon as incidents occur and are reported directly to the school's designated safeguarding team and logged on SID / CP Folder on the shared drive which is restricted to CP team only
- All staff working with children are responsible for demonstrating, promoting and supporting safe behaviours in their classrooms, care settings and other settings in school and following school E-Safety procedures. These behaviours are summarised in the AUPs which must be signed by staff and for students, age appropriate online safety signage is displayed across site.

6.0 Internet

• We use a filtered Internet Service, which minimises the chances of students encountering undesirable material. Furthermore; any information that is deemed inappropriate is sent in an

auto alert to the team by email including terrorism, pornography, prevent and radicalisation categories – this runs alongside regular manual checks by the ICT team both random and to any students placed on CP watch.

- Staff and students have access to the internet through the school's fixed and mobile internet technology.
- Staff should email school-related information using their designated school address and not personal accounts. If information is to be sent via email to an external person, service or provider, staff must ensure it is sent encrypted.
- Staff will preview any potential high-risk websites before recommending to students.
- If internet research is set for homework, specific sites that have been suggested should be checked by the teacher.
- Students accessing the internet via school devices and computers are presented with an acceptable use policy prior logging on.
- Students bringing in devices are allowed to access the internet outside of school hours by using our filtered wi-fi.
- E-Safety information is found on the school website as well as links to CEOPs website.
- If staff or students discover an unsuitable site, the screen must be switched off immediately and the incident reported to the ICT Team. The filter can then be investigated and improved further.
- Staff and students are aware that school-based email and internet activity is monitored and can be explored further if required.
- Students using the World Wide Web are expected not to deliberately seek out offensive materials. Should any students encounter any such material accidentally, they are expected to report it immediately to a teacher and then the Head of IT so that the Service Provider can block further access to the site.
- Students are expected not to use any rude or offensive language in their email communications and contact only people they know or those the teacher has approved. They are taught the rules of etiquette in email and are expected to follow them.
- No personal information such as phone numbers and addresses should be given out and no arrangements to meet someone made unless this is part of an approved school project.
- Students consistently choosing not to comply with these expectations will be warned, and subsequently, may be sanctioned following the school's behaviour policy.

7.0 Passwords

- Use a strong password (strong passwords are usually eight characters or more and contain upper- and lower-case letters, as well as numbers).
- Passwords should not be written down.
- Passwords should not be shared with other children or staff.
- Two factor authentication is used for access offsite.

8.0 Data storage

• Staff are expected to save all data relating to their work to, SID or on the school server. This is to facilitate back up and easy recovery of information.

- We use Office Message Encryption to share email for any sensitive information e.g. pupil statements, contracts etc. to be sent to external people.
- Assessment records, contracts, staff/pupil medical information and any other data related to students or staff must not be stored on personal memory devices. The school systems including remote desktop services should be used for this.
- School allow the use of removable media if related to lesson or appropriate job content and not personal/sensitive information. However, staff who require regular access to information can do this via secure external links to SID or remote desktop.

9.0 Social Networking sites

- Use such sites with extreme caution, being aware of the nature of what you are publishing online in relation to your professional position. Do not publish any information online which you would not want your employer or others to see.
- Staff roles in school requires a high degree of professionalism and confidentiality. Staff do not give out personal contact information to children and parents of children whilst at WHSS. If necessary, only give out the school contact details.
- Any communications or content you publish that causes damage to the School, any of its employees or any third party's reputation may amount to misconduct or gross misconduct to which the School Dismissal and Disciplinary Policies apply.
- The school expects that users of social networking applications will always exercise the right of freedom of expression with due consideration for the rights of others and strictly in accordance with these Terms of Use. Any communications made in a professional capacity through social media must not either knowingly or recklessly:
 - place a child or young person at risk of harm;
 - bring the School into disrepute;
 - breach confidentiality;
 - breach copyright;
 - breach General Data Protection Regulations legislation; or do anything that could be considered discriminatory against, or bullying or harassment of, any individual, for example by:
 - making offensive or derogatory comments relating to sex, gender reassignment, race (including nationality), disability, sexual orientation, religion or belief or age; or using social media to bully another individual; or posting images that are discriminatory or offensive or links to such content.

10.0 Digital images

- Use only digital cameras, iPad, phones and video cameras provided by the school and under no circumstances use personal equipment such as digital cameras or camera phones to store images of children.
- Ensure you are aware of the children whose parents/guardians have not given permission for their child's image to be used in or out of school. An up to date list is kept in the school administrative office and given to all staff.

• When using children's images for any school activity, they should not be identified by their full name. We do try and not use any name that will help with identifying any individual.

11.0 Proving a comprehensive E-Safety education to all students and parents

- All staff working with children must share a collective responsibility to provide E-Safety education to students and to promote E-Safety in their own actions.
- Formally, an E-Safety education is provided by the objectives contained in the ICT unit plans for every area of work for each year group. Even if E-Safety is not relevant to the area of ICT being taught, it is important to have this as a 'constant' in the Computing curriculum.
- Informally, a talking culture is encouraged in classrooms that allows E-Safety issues to be addressed as and when they arise. Also, staff are accessible at all times and will work with children and families to address any E-Safety issues.
- Staff will ensure children know to report abuse using the CEOP button widely available on many websites or to speak to any member of staff, who will escalate the concern to the person with responsibility for E-Safety.
- In line with our preventing extremism and radicalisation policy, we will ensure that children are safe from terrorist and extremist material when accessing the internet in school.

12.0 CCTV and Monitoring

- 12.1 The school has CCTV on the premises as part of site surveillance for staff and student safety. Recordings (which are retained by the support provider for 28 days) will not be revealed without permission of Senior Leadership except where disclosed to the police as part of a criminal investigation.
- 12.2 The Senior on Call may view CCTV as part of their duty when a child goes missing. This is only to be used to identify which direction a child may have left site, to support the child's safe return. SLT will be informed of all occasions when CCTV has been accessed.
- 12.3 Specialist lesson recording equipment may be used on occasion as a tool to share best teaching practice. These recordings are only accessible to authorised members of staff, following approval from the Senior Leadership Team and will not be used for any other purposes.

13.0 Maintaining the security of the school ICT Network

The schools' ICT Support team maintains the security of the school network and is responsible for ensuring that virus protection is up to date at all times. However, it is also the responsibility of the ICT users to uphold the security and integrity of the network by not accessing inappropriate sites and bringing in unsuitable materials such as viruses.

14.0 Monitoring

• The SLT/ Head of IT or other authorised members of staff may inspect or monitor any ICT equipment owned by the school at any time without prior notice.

- In line with KCSIE we have Smoothwall Filtering and monitoring in place for our filtering to flag up any keywords relating to radicalisation, abuse and other categories as listed in the appendix of this policy. See flowchart in appendix for our process in dealing with any content issues.
- Monitoring includes: intercept, access, inspect, record and disclose emails, instant messaging, internet/intranet use and any other electronic communications (data, email, texts or image) involving employees without consent, to the extent permitted by law. This may be to confirm or obtain School business related information; to confirm or investigate compliance with School policies, standards and procedures, to ensure the effective operation of School ICT, for quality control or training purposes, to comply with a Subject Access Request under the General Data Protection Regulations, or to prevent or detect crime.

15.0 Breaches of Policy

Any policy breaches are grounds for disciplinary action. Policy breaches may also lead to criminal or civil proceedings. All security breaches or attempts, loss of equipment and any unauthorised use or suspected misuse of ICT must be immediately reported to the school's Designated Safeguarding Officers or Principal.

<u>Appendix</u>

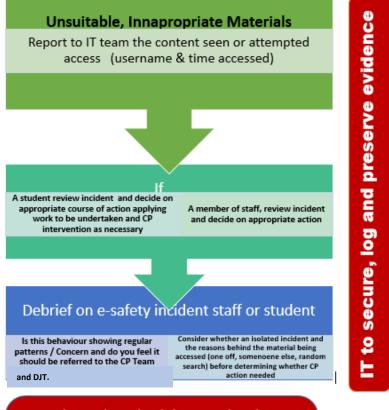
Key word Categories Flagged up:

| Name 1 | Туре | Interval |
|---------------------------------|----------|----------|
| Abuse References | | Daily |
| Anxiety | | Daily |
| Bullying References | ۵. | Daily |
| Discrimination References | ۵. | Daily |
| Drug References | | Daily |
| Eating Disorder References | ۵. | Daily |
| Hacking references | . | Daily |
| Mental Health References | ۵. | Daily |
| Piracy and Copyright References | ۵. | Daily |
| Pornography | ۵. | Daily |
| Radicalisation | ۵. | Daily |
| Sexual References | | Daily |
| Terror Keywords | | Hourly |
| Violence References | | Daily |
| White Supremacy | | Daily |

Flowchart of dealing with e-safety issues

E-Safety Incident – Procedures

An e-safety incident is classed as a student or member of staff accessing or attempting to access illegal or inappropriate content online or being involved in online/cyber-bullying.



Review tools used and share practise where necessary; implement any changes and monitor situation.

Log e-safety awareness on SID informin Learning Group and CP team if necessary.

